Annual Report for the year ended 31 December 2020

GMR Energy (Netherlands) B.V. Coengebouw, Suite 8.04 Kabelweg 37 1014 BA Amsterdam The Netherlands Chamber of Commerce: 34219002

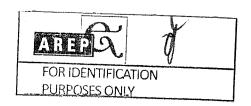


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Director's report

Management herewith presents to the shareholder the annual report of GMR Energy (Netherlands) B.V. (hereinafter: the "Company") for the financial year ended 31 December 2020.

Overview of activities

During the year under review, activities and results of the Company developed in line with expectations.

Results

The equity of the Company as at 31 December 2020 amounts to USD 35,764,787 (31 December 2019: USD 33,369,359).

The result for the year ended 31 December 2020 amounts to a profit of USD 2,395,428 (31 December 2019: USD 1,611,240).

Liquidity and capital resources

The Company is in a net current asset position of USD 22,469,113 (31 December 2019: USD 22,507,482).

Financial instruments

The risks the Company runs in relation to financial instruments are limited to interest rate risk and credit risk. The interest rate risk is partially addressed and mitigated by a fixed positive margin between rates on borrowings and lending. The company is fully exposed to credit risk.

Subsequent events

Since early January 2020, the Coronavirus ("Covid-19") outbreak has spread across China and other countries, causing disruption to business and economic activity, and bringing significant economic uncertainties across the globe and the related markets in which the company operates. In relation to the Company there is no impact as company has no operation as of now. The main assets of the Company are two loans given and the economic impact of the pandemic on the results of these companies might have an impact on the possible repayment of the loans. Given the fact that the main liability is a loan taken from our shareholder and there are guarantees received on both loans given there is no reason to adjust the figures. The company will continue to monitor the situation and evaluate the impact of the outbreak on its operations and financial performance. The basis of the valuation remains to be on a going concern basis as no discontinuity is expected even if the loans are not repaid.

Amsterdam, 25 March 2021

Director
Ocorian (Netherlands) B.V.

Director

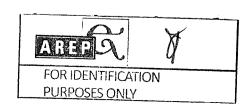
V.L Tummalapalli Srinivasa Subrahmanya

Balance sheet as at 31 December 2020

(Before the proposed appropriation of the result and expressed in USD)

	Notes	31 December 2020 USD	31 December 2019 USD
ASSETS			
Fixed assets Financial fixed assets	1	26,807,414 26,807,414	24,293,617 24,293,617
Current assets Amounts owed from group companies Other receivables Cash and cash equivalents Total current assets	2 7 3	22,626,466 1,591 12,030 22,640,087	22,855,375 1,318 13,156 22,869,849
Total assets		49,447,501	47,163,466
SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Shareholder's equity Issued share capital Share premium Accumulated deficit Unappropriated results	4	22,178 54,340,886 (20,993,705) 2,395,428 35,764,787	22,178 54,340,886 (22,604,945) 1,611,240 33,369,359
Long term liabilities Amounts due to group companies	5	13,511,740	13,431,740
Current Liabilities Amounts due to group companies Creditors and accruals	6 8	154,884 16,090 170,974	308,373 53,994 362,367
Total shareholder's equity and liabilities		49,447,501	47,163,466

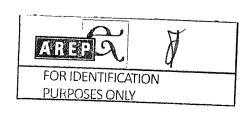
The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.



Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2020 (Expressed in USD)

	Notes	31 December 2020 USD	31 December 2019 USD
Operating expenses			
Other operating expenses	9	45,032	68,230
Total operating expenses		45,032	68,230
Operating result		(45,032)	(68,230)
Financial income and expenses			
Interest income	10	2,513,797	1,732,432
Interest expenses	11	(71,512)	(52,270)
Currency translation results	12	(1,825)	(692)
Total financial income and expenses		2,440,460	1,679,470
Result before taxation		2,395,428	1,611,240
Corporate income tax		er	-
Net result after taxation		2,395,428	1,611,240

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.



Notes to the financial statements

General

GMR Energy (Netherlands) B.V. (the "Company"), a company with limited liability, was incorporated under the laws of the Netherlands on 5 January 2005. The statutory seat of the Company is in Amsterdam, the Netherlands, the registered office address of the Company is at Coengebouw, Suite 8.04, Kabelweg 37, 1014 BA Amsterdam, the Netherlands

The principal activity of the Company is to act as a finance company. The Company is registered at the trade register of the Dutch Chamber of Commerce under number 34219002.

Group structure

The Company is part of a group headed by GMR Enterprises Pvt Ltd. incorporated and domiciled in India.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the Netherlands and comply with the financial reporting requirements included in part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code. The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and presented in United States dollars (USD).

Income and expenses are accounted for on accrual basis. Profit is only included when realised on balance sheet date. Liabilities and any losses originating before the end of the financial year are taken into account if they have become known before preparation of the financial statements.

Going concern

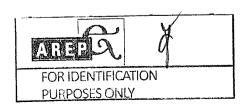
These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which basis for valuation and determination of results assumes that the Company will be able to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

The equity of the Company amounts to USD 35,764,787 (31 December 2019: USD 33,369,359) positive. Management has assessed this situation and has a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence in the foreseeable future.

Foreign currencies

The functional currency of the Company is USD.

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at year end exchange rates. Foreign currency transactions are accounted for at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transactions. Gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the profit and loss account. Non-monetary balance sheet items, which are valued at cost and resulting from transactions in foreign currencies, are translated at the rate prevailing on the date of the transaction.



Notes to the financial statements

Foreign currencies (Continued)

The exchange rates used in the financial statements are:

31 December 2020 31 December 2019

1 USD= EUR

0.81417313

0.89296876

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments include both primary financial instruments, such as receivables and liabilities, and financial derivatives. Reference is made to the recognition per balance sheet item for the principles of primary financial instruments. Financial instruments are valued at amortised cost unless explained otherwise in the notes. Due to the short-term nature of some financial instruments included in these financial statements, the estimated fair value for these financial instruments approximates the book value.

Receivables

Upon initial recognition the receivables are valued at fair value and then valued at amortised cost. Provisions deemed necessary for possible bad debt losses are deducted. These provisions are determined by individual assessment of the receivables.

Long-term and short-term liabilities

Upon initial recognition, loans and liabilities recorded are stated at fair value and then subsequently valued at amortised cost.

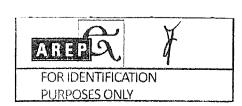
Corporate income tax

Corporate income tax is calculated at the applicable rate on the result for the financial year, taking into account permanent differences between profit calculated according to the financial statements and profit calculated for taxation purposes. Temporary differences between the reporting for tax purposes and the financial statements are recognised as deferred taxes based on the current tax rate. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are netted. Net deferred tax assets will be included in the balance sheet if actual realization is assumed probable by the Company's management.

Corporate income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years. Corporate income tax expense is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that influence the application of principles and the reported values of assets and liabilities and of income and expenditure. The actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and the underlying assumptions are constantly assessed. Revisions of estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in future periods for which the revision has consequences.



Notes to the financial statements

1. Financial fixed assets

	31 December 2020 USD	31 December 2019 USD
Loans to third parties	26,807,414	24,293,617
Movements in the financial fixed assets have been as follows:		
Balance as per 1 January Effective interest income for the year/period Balance as at 31 December	24,293,617 2,513,797 26,807,414	22,561,185 1,732,432 24,293,617
Loans to third parties	31 December 2020	31 December 2019
	USD	USD
PT Duta Sarana Internusa	26,807,414	24,293,617

A revolving credit line facility was granted to PT Duta Sarana Internusa for a maximum amount of USD 30,000,000. The facility used to attract interest at LIBOR+0.5% per annum and the loan was receivable in annual arrears from the drawdown date. On 31 August 2018, the loan agreement was amended and restated. Pursuant to the amended and restated loan agreement, the loan became interest free and the repayment terms were agreed to be made in four instalments on or before 31 January of each year and such repayment will depend on the operation of the direct subsidiary of PT Duta Sarana Internusa. In the event that the direct subsidiary does not generate positive income to serve the payment of the loan facility, the direct subsidiary may postpone such payment on its due date, as agreed between both parties.

Effective interest income of USD 2,513,797 was recognised on the interest free loan for the year ended 31 December 2020 (31 December 2019: USD 1,732,432).

2. Amounts owed from group companies

	31 December 2020 USD	31 December 2019 USD
GMR Coal Resources Pte Ltd.	22,626,466	22,626,466
Retention amount receivable from PT Golden Energy Mines TBK		228,909
	22,626,466	22,855,375

The loan to GMR Coal resources Pte Ltd attracts no interest and has no fixed repayment term. The maximum loan amount is USD 40,000,000. As the loan is repayable on demand it is shown as short term receivable. The retention amount receivable from PT Golden Energy Mines TBK has been fully received on 31 March 2020.

Notes to the financial statements

3. Cash and cash equivalents

	31 December 2020 USD	31 December 2019 USD
Bank accounts	8,677	8,737
Bank accounts (EUR 2,730; (31 December 2019: EUR 3,946))	3,353	4,419
	12,030	13,156

The cash and cash equivalents are freely at the disposal of the Company.

4. Shareholder's equity

	Issued share		Accumulated
	capital USD	Share premium USD	deficit USD
Balance at 1 April 2019	22,178	54,340,886	(22,809,640)
Transfer	-	-	204,695
Balance at 31 December 2019	22,178	54,340,886	(22,604,945)
Transfer	-	-	1,611,240
Balance at 31 December 2020	22,178	54,340,886	(20,993,705)

	Unappropriated
	results
	USD
Balance at 1 April 2019	204,695
Transfer	(204,695)
Result for the period	1,611,240
Balance at 31 December 2019	1,611,240
Transfer	(1,611,240)
Result for the year	2,395,428
Balance at 31 December 2020	2,395,428

Appropriation of the result

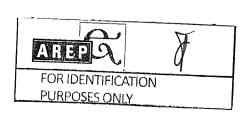
According to article 26.1 of the Articles of Association of the Company the General Meeting is authorised to provide for the appropriation of the profit which is determined by adoption of the financial statements, to determine the manner in which a deficit will be incorporated, to determine interim distributions from the profit or distributions from the reserves insofar as the equity exceeds the reserves that are required to be maintained by law.

Issued share capital

The issued share capital of the Company amounts to EUR 18,000, divided into 18,000 ordinary shares of EUR 1.

Share premium

The share premium amounts to USD 54,340,886.



Notes to the financial statements

Retained earnings

The retained part of the result for the book year ended 31 December 2020 amounts to a profit of USD 2,395,428 (31 December 2019: USD 1,611,240). In the annual general meeting of shareholders held on 7 July 2020, it was decided to transfer the profit for the period ended 31 December 2019 to the accumulated deficit.

5. Long term liabilities		
	31 December 2020 USD	31 December 2019 USD
The long-term liabilities can be detailed as follows:		
Group loans	13,511,740	13,431,740
5. Long term liabilities (continued)	31 December 2020 USD	31 December 2019 USD
Group loans:		
GMR Infrastructure (Overseas) Ltd (5(a))	13,380,740	13,380,740
GMR Infrastructure (Overseas) Ltd (5(b))	131,000	51,000
	13,511,740	13,431,740

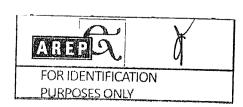
5(a) The loan received from GMR Infrastructure (Overseas) Ltd. in the amount of USD 13,380,740 was assigned from GMR Energy Projects (Mauritius) Ltd. on the first of 17 July 2017. The loan attracts 0.5% interest per year.

5(b) The loan received from GMR Infrastructure (Overseas) Ltd. amounting to USD 131,000 (31 December 2019: USD 51,000) is not secured and attracts 3.50% annual interest. The loan initially had no maturity date and is now repayable on demand as per the amended loan agreement dated 3 December 2019.

Balance as per 1 January 2020 Additions Balance as per 31 December 2020	USD 13,431,740 80,000 13,511,740	
6. Amounts due to group companies		
	31 December 2020 USD	31 December 2019 USD
Interest payable GMR Infrastructure (Overseas) Ltd	154,884	308,373
The amount due to group companies relates to interest payable on ir payable on demand.	tragroup loans. These	e are unsecured and
7. Other receivables		
	31 December 2020 USD	31 December 2019 USD
VAT receivable	1,591	1,318

Notes to the financial statements

8. Creditors and accruals		
	31 December 2020 USD	31 December 2019 USD
Tax advisory fee payable Audit fee payable	6,633 9,457	45,483 8,511
, max. 1-1,	16,090	53,994
9. Other operating expenses		
	31 December 2020 USD	31 December 2019 USD
Management and administrative fee Audit fees	18,007 10,573	12,429 8,474 42,897
Tax advice fees Penalty fees Legal fees	9,914 3,119 2,631	3,071 854
Bank charges	788 45,032	505 68,230
10. Interest income	04 Daniel Law (000)	24 December 2010
	31 December 2020 USD	31 December 2019 USD
Effective interest income on interest free loan to PT Duta Sarana Internusa	2,513,797	1,732,432
	2,513,797	1,732,432
11. Interest expenses		
	31 December 2020 USD	31 December 2019 USD
Interest expense on loan from GMR Infrastructure (Overseas) Ltd	71,512 71,512	52,270 52,270
12. Currency translation results	71,012	
12. Outliney dalisation results	31 December 2020 USD	31 December 2019 USD
On other items	1,825	692
	1,825	692



Notes to the financial statements

13. Staff numbers

The Company has no employees (previous year: none).

14. Subsequent events

Since early January 2020, the Coronavirus ("Covid-19") outbreak has spread across China and other countries, causing disruption to business and economic activity, and bringing significant economic uncertainties across the globe and the related markets in which the company operates. In relation to the Company there is no impact as company has no operation as of now. The main assets of the Company are two loans given and the economic impact of the pandemic on the results of these companies might have an impact on the possible repayment of the loans. Given the fact that the main liability is a loan taken from our shareholder and there are guarantees received on both loans given there is no reason to adjust the figures. The company will continue to monitor the situation and evaluate the impact of the outbreak on its operations and financial performance. The basis of the valuation remains to be on a going concern basis as no discontinuity is expected even if the loans are not repaid.

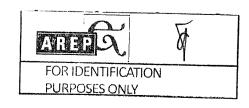
Amsterdam, 25 March 2021

Director /

Ocorian (Netherlands) B.V.

Director

V.L Tummalapalli Srinivasa Subrahmanya





To the management board and shareholders of: GMR Energy (Netherlands) B.V. Kabelweg 37 1014 BA AMSTERDAM

Rotterdam B.V.

Accountants en Belastingadviseurs

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

A. Report on the audit of the financial statements for the financial year ending at 31 December 2020 included in the annual report

Our opinion

We have audited the financial statements for the financial year ending at 31 December 2020 of GMR Energy (Netherlands) B.V., based in Amsterdam.

In our opinion the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of GMR Energy (Netherlands) B.V., for the financial year ending at 31 December 2020, and of its result for the year then ended in accordance with Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code.

The financial statements comprise:

- 1. the balance sheet as at 31 December 2020;
- 2. the profit and loss account for the year then ended; and
- 3. the notes comprising a summary of the accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Basis for our opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Dutch law, including the Dutch Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements' section of our report.

We are independent of GMR Energy (Netherlands) B.V. in accordance with the Wet toezicht accountantsorganisaties (Wta, Audit firms supervision act), the Verordening inzake de onafhankelijkheid van accountants bij assurance-opdrachten (ViO, Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, a regulation with respect to independence) and other relevant independence regulations in the Netherlands. Furthermore we have complied with the Verordening gedrags- en beroepsregels accountants (VGBA, Dutch Code of Ethics).

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

B. Report on the other information included in the annual report

In addition to the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon, the annual report contains other information that consists of:

- the management report;
- other information as required by Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code.



Based on the following procedures performed, we conclude that the other information:

- is consistent with the financial statements and does not contain material misstatements;
- contains the information as required by Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code.

We have read the other information. Based on our knowledge and understanding obtained through our audit of the financial statements or otherwise, we have considered whether the other information contains material misstatements.

By performing these procedures, we comply with the requirements of Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code and the Dutch Standard 720. The scope of the procedures performed is substantially less than the scope of those performed in our audit of the financial statements.

Management is responsible for the preparation of the management report in accordance with Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code and other information as required by Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code.

C. Description of responsibilities regarding the financial statements

Responsibilities of management for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code. Furthermore, management is responsible for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

As part of the preparation of the financial statements, the board of directors is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern. Based on the financial reporting framework mentioned, the board of directors should prepare the financial statements using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Management should disclose events and circumstances that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern in the financial statements.

Our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objective is to plan and perform the audit engagement in a manner that allows us to obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence for our opinion.

Our audit has been performed with a high, but not absolute, level of assurance, which means we may not detect all material errors and fraud during our audit.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. The materiality affects the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures and the evaluation of the effect of identified misstatements on our opinion.



We have exercised professional judgement and have maintained professional scepticism throughout the audit, in accordance with Dutch Standards on Auditing, ethical requirements and independence requirements. Our audit included among others:

- identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, designing and performing audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtaining audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- obtaining an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control;
- evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the board of directors;
- concluding on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting, and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause a company to cease to continue as a going concern;
- evaluating the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures; and
- evaluating whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Because we are ultimately responsible for the opinion, we are also responsible for directing, supervising and performing the group audit. In this respect we have determined the nature and extent of the audit procedures to be carried out for group entities. Decisive were the size and/or the risk profile of the group entities or operations. On this basis, we selected group entities for which an audit or review had to be carried out on the complete set of financial information or specific items.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant findings in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Barendrecht, 25 March 2021

AREP Rotterdam B.V

Drs. G. van de Werken RA