INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF PRANESH PROPERTIES PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the Ind AS standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

- 1. We have audited the accompanying standalone Ind AS financial statements of **Pranesh Properties Private Limited** (the "Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2020, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information. (Hereinafter referred to as "Ind AS financial statements").
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2020 give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the company as at 31st March, 2020, its losses, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion:

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

4. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The board report is expected

be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. When we read the report containing other information if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

Management's Responsibility for the Ind AS Financial Statements:

- 5. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 6. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 7. The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial NRTH reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements:

- 8. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
- 9. A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is as follows:
- A. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:
- (i) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (ii) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- (iii) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- (iv) Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the GRIHY financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion.

conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- (v) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- B. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- C. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements:

- 10. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extend applicable.
- 11. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (Including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

- e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on 31st March 2020 taken on record by the board of directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on 31st March, 2020 from being appointed as directors in terms of section 164(2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financials controls with reference to financial statements.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - ii. The Company did not have long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

PLACE: BANGALORE

DATE: May 23, 2020

UDIN: 20085745AAAACI4587

FOR GIRISH MURTHY & KUMAR Chartered Accountants

Girish Rao B

Partner.

Membership No: 085745

FRN No.000934S

"Annexure A"to the Independent Auditors' Report referred to in clause 1 of paragraph on the 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report of even date to the Standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2020:

Re: Pranesh Properties Private Limited

- I. a. The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Fixed Assets.
 - b. The Company has only Land under fixed assets and hence physical verification does not arise .
 - c. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the title deeds of the immovable properties are held in the name of the Company.
- II. The nature of companies operation does not warrant holding of any stocks. Accordingly paragraph 3 (ii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- III. In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to the companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties listed in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act,2013.
- IV. In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us the company has not granted any loan, made any investments, gave any guarantee or provided security in connection with a loan to any other body corporate or person in contravention of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act,2013.
- V. According to the information and explanation given to us the company has not accepted deposits from the public during the year and as such this clause is not applicable.
- VI. According to the information and explanation given to us the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the activities carried out by the Company, and hence this clause is not applicable.
- VII. a. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company is generally regular in payment of undisputed statutory dues including income tax, Goods and Service tax, Professional tax and cess as applicable with appropriate authorities. We are informed by the company that the provisions of Provident Fund Act, Employee state insurance scheme, duty of customs, are not applicable.
 - b. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us there are no disputed amounts payable in respect of income tax, Goods and Service tax, Professional tax and cess as applicable as at 31st March 2020. We are informed by the company that the provisions of Provident Fund Act. Employee state insurance scheme, duty of customs, are not applicable.

GIRISH MURTHY & KUMAR Chartered Accountants

- VIII. Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that, the company has not taken any loan from a financial institution or bank or Government or are there any dues to debenture holders. Accordingly reporting requirement under this clause is not applicable.
- IX. The company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer(Including debt instrument) or has taken term loans during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (ix) of the order is not applicable.
- X. During the course of examination of the books and records of the company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have not come across any instance of fraud by the company or on the company by its officers or employees of the company during the year.
- XI. According to the information and explanation given to us and the records of the company examined by us the Company has not paid or provided any managerial Remuneration. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (xi) of the order is not applicable.
- XII. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (xii) of the order is not applicable.
- XIII. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, we are of the opinion that all the transaction with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act.2013 and the details of the transactions have been disclosed in the Ind AS Financial Statements as per applicable accounting Standards.
- XIV. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, we are of the opinion that the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly debentures during the year under review.
- XV. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, we are of the opinion that that the Company has not entered into any non cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (xv) of the order is not applicable.
- XVI. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, we are of the opinion that that the Company is not required to be Registered under Section 45 -IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act,1934.

PLACE : BANGALORE

DATE: May 23,2020

UDIN: 20085745AAAACI4587

FOR GIRISH MURTHY & KUMAR

Chartered Accountants

Girish Rao B

Partner.

Membership No: 085745

FRN No: 000934S

High Point IV 45. Palace Road Bangalore-1.

4502, High Point IV, 45, Palace Road, Bangalore - 560 001.Ph :223 81 473

GIRISH MURTHY & KUMAR Chartered Accountants

Annexure B to Auditors' Report of even date

Report on the Internal Controls on Financial Controls under clause (i) of sub-section (3) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

Re:Pranesh Properties Private Limited

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Pranesh Properties Private Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

GIRISH MURTHY & KUMAR Chartered Accountants

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

PLACE : BANGALORE

DATE: May 23, 2020

UDIN: 20085745AAAACI4587

FOR GIRISH MURTHY & KUMAR

Chartered Accountants

Girish Rao B

Partner.

Membership No: 085745

FRN No.000934S



Independent Auditor's Report on Annual Financial Information of Pranesh Properties Private Limited

To

The Board of Directors of

Pranesh Properties Private Limited

VG Towers Plot No.59 Rayakottai Main Road Near EB office Hosur Tamilnadu

Opinion

- 1. We have audited the accompanying statement of annual financial information ('the Statement') of **Pranesh Properties Private Limited.** ('the Company') for the year ended 31 March 2020 prepared by the Company's management to assist the management of the Holding Company in the preparation of its consolidated financial results for the year ended 31 March 2020 pursuant to the requirements of SEBI circular no. CIR/CFD/CMD1/44/2019 dated 29 March 2019 read with Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (as amended) ('Listing Regulations'), including relevant circulars issued by the SEBI from time to time.
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Statement:
 - (i) presents financial results in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations: and
 - (ii) gives a true and fair view in conformity with the applicable Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act'), read with relevant rules issued thereunder, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the net profit/loss after tax and other comprehensive income and other financial information of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ('SAs') specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Statement section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('the ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management Responsibilities for the Statement

4. This Statement has been prepared on the basis of the annual audited financial statements. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Statement that gives a true and fair view of the net profit/loss and other comprehensive income and other financial information of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including Ind AS prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, and in compliance with Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records.

relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Statement that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

- 5. In preparing the Statement, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 6. The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Statement

- 7. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Statement as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing, specified under section 143(10) of the Act, will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this Statement.
- **8.** As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Statement, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
 that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud
 may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
 internal control.
 - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3) (i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has in place an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Statement or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
 - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Statement, including the disclosures, and whether the Statement represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 9. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Other Matter(s)

10. The Statement includes the financial information for the quarter ended 31 March 2020, being the balancing figures between the audited figures in respect of the full financial year and the unaudited year-to-date figures up to the third quarter of the current financial year, which were subject to limited review by us.

Restriction on distribution or use

11. The Statement has been prepared by the Company's Management to assist the management of the Holding Company in the preparation of its consolidated financial results for the year ended 31 March 2020 pursuant to the requirements of SEBI circular no. CIR/CFD/CMD1/44/2019 dated 29 March 2019 read with Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations, including relevant circulars issued by the SEBI from time to time, and therefore, it may not be suitable for any other purpose. This report is issued solely for the aforementioned purpose and for the use of the group auditors, M/s Walker Chandiok & Co LLP, in their audit of consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company, and accordingly should not be used, referred to or distributed for any other purpose or to any other party without our prior written consent. Further, we do not accept or assume any liability or any duty of care for any other purpose for which or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come without our prior consent in writing.

For Girish Murthy & Kumar

Firm registration number: 000934S

Chartered Accountants

B. Girish Rao

Partner

Membership no.: 85745

UDIN: 20085745AAAAD19035

Place: Bangalore Date: 23.05,2020



Pranesh Properties Private Limited Statement of standalone assets and liabilities

(Amount in Rupees) As at March 31, 2020 As at March 31, 2019 **Particulars** (Audited) (Audited) ASSETS a) Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Capital work in progress Investment property 71,935,047 71,935,047 Non-current tax assets (net) Deferred tax assets (net) Other non-current assets 71,935,047 71,935,047 b) Current assets Inventories Financial assets Investments Loans and advances 100,000 Trade receivables Cash and cash equivalents 19,023 49,156 Other bank balances Other financial assets Current tax assets (net) Other current assets 10,000 10,000 29,023 159.156 TOTAL ASSETS (a+b) 71,964,070 72,094,203 **EQUITY AND LIABILITIES** a) Equity Equity share capital 10,000,000 10,000,000 Other equity (1,931,433) (1,613,647) Total equity 8,068,567 8,386,353 b) Non-current liabilities Financial liabilities Deferred tax liabilities (net) Other non-current liabilities c) Current liabilities Financial liabilities Borrowings 63,600,000 63,600,000 Trade payables Due to micro enterprises and small enterprises Due to others 272,860 Other financial liabilities 101,322 Other current liabilities 22,643 6,528.00 Provisions Current tax liabilities (net) 63,895,503 63,707,850 TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES (a+b+c) 71,964,070 72,094,203

Remove if not relevant for your entity As per our report of even date

For Girish Murthy & Kumar

Chartered Accountants Firm registration number . Particulars

Partner

Membership No: 85745

Place : Hosur Date: 23rd May 2020

WRIHY High Point IV 45, Palace Road, Bangalore-1.

For and on behalf of the board of directors of Pranesh Properties Private Limited

Arivu Chelvan R

Director DIN: 03391559

Pandiyan M Director DIN: 08642405



Pranesh Properties Private Limited CIN: U70102TZ2011PTC021849

31, 2020			(Amount in Rupees)
	Notes	As at 31-Mar-20	As at 31-Mar-19
Assets			
Non- current assets			
Investment property	2		
Non-current tax assets (net)	3	71,935,047	71,935,047
		71,935,047	71,935,047
Current assets			
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents			
Loans	. 6	19,023	49,156
Other current assets	4	-	. 100,000
	5	10,000	10,000
		29,023	159,156
Total assets		71,964,070	72,094,203
Equity and liabilities			<u> </u>
Equity			
Equity share capital	7	10.000.000	
Other equity	8	10,000,000	10,000,000
Total equity	•	(1,931,433) 8,068,567	(1,613,647)
		. 6,006,367	8,386,353
Current liabilities		•	
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	12	63,600,000	63,600,000
Trade payables to MSME	9	=	-
Trade payables to other than MSME	9	272,860	_
Other financial liabilities Other current liabilities	10	, -	101,322
Other current habilities	11	22,643	6,528
otal liabilities		63,895,503	63,707,850
otal naumities otal equity and liabilities	·	63,895,503	63,707,850
our equity and naminties		71,964,070	72,094,203
orporate information about the Company	1		
ummary of significant accounting policies	2		

3-26

For Girish Murthy & Kumar

As per our report of even date

Chartered Accountants
Firm registration number: 000934S

B. Girish Rao Partner

Membership No: 85745

Place : Hosur Date : 23rd May' 2020 4502, High Point IV 45, Palace Road, Bangalore-1.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

For and on behalf of the board of directors of Pranesh Properties Private Limited

Arivu Chelvan R

Director

DIN: 03391559

Pandiyan M Director DIN: 08642405



Pranesh Properties Private Limited CIN: U70102TZ2011PTC021849

13	Year Ended 31-Mar-20 2,500 2,500 320,286 320,286 (317,786)	Year ended 31-Mar-I 24 133,641 133,665 (133,665)
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	(317,786)	(133,665)
16	(317,786)	(133,665)
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	-	-
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	(317.500)	
	(317,786)	(133,665)
	(217.700)	————
	(317,786)	(133,665)
	-	-
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	(217 796)	(122.66=
	(317,780)	(133,665)
17	(0.22)	46.101
	(0.32)	(0.13)
7	(0.32)	(0.10)
	(0.32)	(0.13)
1		
2		
26		
For and	on behalf of the board of directo	re
Pranesh F	Properties Private Limited	10
	- F SS I II MAG EMBREG	
L.		•
\bigwedge	d-	7
	7 2. 26 For and a	(317,786) (317,786) (317,786) (0.32) (0.32)

B. Girsh Rao Partner Membership No: 85745

Place : Hosur Date : 23rd May 2020



Arivu Chelvan R Director DIN: 03391559

Pandiyan M Director DIN: 08642405



Pranesh Properties Private Limited Statement of changes in equity for the Year ended March 31, 2020

A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O	Attr	Attributable to the equity holders (Amo			
Particulars	Equity Share Capital		Retained earnings	Total Equity	
For the period ended March 31, 202	20	***************************************			
As at April 01,2019	10,000,000		(1,613,647)	0.206.252	
Profit /(loss) for the year	***************************************	anni (5) lipping menangangka keranan di 1604 benjaran mendadigi peranan menangka lipi.	The second secon		
Other comprehensive income			(317,786)	(317,786)	
Total comprehensive income	and the second s		(1.021.422)	0.000 505	
Movement during the year		processes to the second contract of the secon	(1,931,433)	8,068,567	
As at March 31, 2020	10,000,000		(1,931,433)	8,068,567	

As at April 01,2018	10,000,000	65,000,000	(1,479,982)	73,520,018
Profit /(loss) for the year	_	-	(133,665)	(133,665)
Other comprehensive income	-		(100,000)	(133,003)
Total comprehensive income	Control of the Contro	And the second of the second s	(1,613,647)	73,386,353
Movement during the year	_	(65,000,000)	(1,013,047)	(65,000,000)
As at March 31, 2019	10,000,000	(00,000,000)	(1.613.647)	8,386,353

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

45, Palace Road, Bangalore-1.

As per our report of even date

For Girish Murthy & Kumar

Chartered Accountants

Firm registration number: 000934S

B. Girish Rao Partner

Membership No: 85745

Place: Hosur

Date: 23rd May' 2020

For and on behalf of the board of directors Pranesh Properties Private Limited

Arivu Chelvan R

Director

DIN: 03391559

Pandiyan M

Director

DIN: 08642405



		(Amount in Rupees	
	Year ended	Year ended	
	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-1	
Cash flow from operating activities	(317,786)	/***	
Profit before tax	(317,700)	(133,665	
Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows:			
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment			
Gain/ (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-		
Liabilities/ provisions no longer required written back		•	
Working capital adjustments:	(2,500)	-	
(Increase)/ decrease in long term loans and advances			
Increase/ (decrease) in short term loans and advances			
(Increase)/ decrease in other financial and non-financial assets	-	(100,000)	
Increase/ (decrease) in trade payables and other financial liabilities	-	1,452,884	
(Increase)/ decrease in other current assets	(101,322)	69,902	
Increase/ (decrease) in other current liabilities	=	•	
Increase/ (decrease) in Trade payables	16,115	6,528	
Increase/ (decrease) in other non-financial liabilities	275,360	-,	
Also case (ago case) in outer non-infancial nabinities			
ncome tax paid (net of refund)	(130,133)	1,295,649	
let cash flows from/ (used in) operating activities (A)			
nvesting activities	(130,133)	1,295,649	
urchase of property, plant and equipment (including capital work-in-progress and capital			
dvances)			
(Increase)/ decrease in short term loans and advances	F	-	
nterest received	100,000	-	
let cash flows from/ (used in) investing activities (B)			
inancing activities	100,000		
roceeds from borrowings			
epayment from borrowings	-	(1,400,000)	
terest paid (gross)		-	
et cash flows from/ (used in) financing activities (C)	<u> </u>		
		(1,400,000)	
et increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			
ash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	(30,133)	(104,351)	
ash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	49,156	153,507	
	19,023	49,156	
omponents of cash and cash equivalents			
sh on hand			
lances with scheduled banks:	300	3,926	
current accounts			
otal cash and cash equivalents (note 6)	18,723	45,230	
	19,023	49,156	

Corporate information about the Company Summary of significant accounting policies The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

3-26

As per our report of even date

For Girish Murthy & Kumar Chartered Accountants Firm registration number 0009348

B. Grish Rao

Partaer Membership No: 85745

Place : Hosur Date : 23rd May 2020 4502, High Point IV 45, Palace Road, Bangalore-1. For and on behalf of the board of directors Pranesh Properties Private Limited

Arivu Chelvan R Director DIN: 03391559 Pandyan M Director DIN: 08642405



Pranesh Properties Private Limited Notes to financial statements for the Year ended March 31, 2020

3	Investment Property			(Am	aunit in December
	Cost	Freehold land	Buildings	Plant and machinery	ount in Rupees) Total
	177			macumery	
	At April 1,2018 Additions	71,935,047			71.025.045
	Disposals	-			71,935,047
	At Dec 31, 2018	-			-
	Additions	71,935,047			71,935,047
	Disposals	-			71,933,047
	At March 31, 2019				-
	Additions	71,935,047	-		71,935,047
	Disposals				71,753,047
	At March 31, 2020				_
		71,935,047			71,935,047
	Net Book value			<u> </u>	
	At March 31, 2020	·	·		
	At Dec 31, 2018	71,935,047	· <u>-</u>		71,935,047
	At March 31, 2019	71,935,047			71,935,047
	At April 1,2018	71,935,047	- <u>-</u>		71,935,047
		71,935,047		-	71,935,047
	·				
	Information regarding income and expenditure of Investment property		······································		unt in Rupees)
				31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
•	Rental income derived from investment properties				
	Direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) generating contains contains			· -	-
	Dated operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) that did not concerts restal in		•		-
	Trong arising from investment properties before depreciation and indirect expanses			-	-
	Less - Depreciation			-	-
	Profit arising from investment propertics before indirect expenses				<u> </u>

Notes:

As at 31st March 2020, the fair value of the investment property Rs 26.122 Crore (March 31,2019: 23.33 Crores). The fair value is based on accredited independent valuer.

Description of valuation techniques used and key inputs to valuation on investment properties:

Investment Properties	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Range (weighte	d average)
Note: The company owned 53.170 acres of land under the jurisdiction of Shoolagiri Sub-registrat office in Krishnagiri District of Tamil Nadu, as on balance sheet date 31st March 2020, the estimated market value of these lands was Rs.26.122 crores (as on 31st March 2019 - Rs.23.33 crores). State Industries Promotion Corporation of Tamiliadu (SIPCOT) has issued a notification for acquisition of 45.500 Ac of land for industrial purpose. The management has	Valuation technique Sales Comparison Method (Market	Significant unobservable inputs	Range (weighte 31-Mar-20	d average) 31-Mar-19
offered additional zero Ac, thus making available 45.500 Acres of land to SIPCOT for industrial development purpose. The management doesn't foresce any loss in the value of the property due to this acquisition	Approach.)	Nill		-

Note: The above estimated values are based on the valuation of the land done by extenal experts as on 31st December 2019 and Management is of the view that the valuation of lands has not changed materially as on 31.03.2020 and retain the value of properties same as December 2019

4 Loans

(Amount in Rupees)

		Non-current		Current	
	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19	
Other Loans					
Unsecured, considered good					
Loans to related parties					
Total		-	-	100,000	
	-	-	-	100,000	
Total				,	
During the financial year 2018-19, the Company has given inter corrected learn of Part on ago.			-	100,000	

During the financial year 2018-19, the Company has given inter corporate loan of Rs. 1,00,000 at an interest rate 0% for a period of 12 months to GMR SEZ & Port holding March 2019, the company has total loan of Rs. 1,00,000. During this FY2019-20 the company has received the entire Loan of Rs.1,00,000. As on 31st





5 Other assets

(Amount in Rupees)

				(and the keapoon	
			on-current	C	urrent
		31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
Advances recoverable in cash or kind					
Unsecured considered good					
				10,000	10,000
				10,000	10,000
Cash and cash equivalents	<u></u>			. (4	metic D
		No	n-current		ount in Rupees urrent
		31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
Balances with banks:				57 HXR1-20	51-14121-15
- On current accounts			•		
- Deposits with less than three months maturity	•	-	-	18,723	45,230
Cash on hand		-	-	-	_
	(A)	<u> </u>		300	3,926
Bank Balance other than cash and cash equivalents	(A)	=	-	19,023	49,156
Deposits with maturity for more than 12 months					
Deposits with maturity for more than 3 months but	less than 12 months	-	•	-	-
Margin money deposit		-	•	-	~
	(B)				
Amount disclosed under other financial assets	-				
anomit disclosed under other financial assets	(5)		-		
otal	(C)	-		-	
	(A+B)	<u>-</u>	-	19,023	49,156
or the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash a	nd cash equivalents compains the Call				
	a saon equivalents comprise the tonowing				unt in Rupees)
				31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
alances with banks:					
On current accounts				18,723	45.000
Deposits with less than three months maturity				10,723	45,230
ash on hand ess : Bank overdrafts				300	3,926
iss . Dailk overthans				200	3,720
				19.023	49 156





Interest income on	31-Mar-20	(Amount in Rupe 31-Mar
Bank deposits		Si~ivia
Others*	-	
Other Income - Liabilities no longer required	•	_
	2,500	
	2,500	
Finance cost		
		(Amount in Rupe
Interest cost	31-Mar-20	31-Mar
Interest on delayed statutory payments	·	
Other borrowing Cost	٦	
Bank charges	<u>-</u>	;
	<u> </u>	•
Other expenses		(Amount in Rupe
D.	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-
Rates and laxes	8.085	
Legal and professional fees		8,25
Travelling and conveyance	281,305 2,576	94,74
Payment to auditors (refer details below)		
Printing and stationery	28,320	28,32
Bank charges		2,32
Payment to auditors	320,286	133,64
As auditor,		
Audit foe		
Limited Review	11,800	11,80
THE TOTAL PROPERTY OF THE PROP	16,520	
	28,320	
Income tax expenses in the statement of profit and loss consist of the following:		20,320
		(Amount in Rupee:
Tax expenses	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-1
Current tax		
Deferred tax	-	-
Total taxes		<u> </u>
The tax expense can be reconcilied for the period to the accounting profit as follows:		
	21.25	(Amount in Rupees
Profit Before Tax	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-1
Applicable tax rate	(317,786)	(133,665
Computed tax expense	26.00%	26.00%
Deferred tax**	(82,624)	(34,753
At the effective income tax rate	82,624	34,753
fotal tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss	-	
**Deferred tax asset has not been recognized on brought forward losses as there is no probability/con will be adjusted.		_

17 Earnings per share ['EPS']

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/(loss) for the year attributable to equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the parent (after adjusting for interest on the convertible preference shares) by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of Equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential Equity shares into Equity shares.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

Don't Government	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
Profit after tax attributable to shareholders of the parent (Amount in Rupees) Continuing operations (Amount in Rupees) Discontinued operations (Amount in Rupees)	(317,786)	(133,665)
Profit attributable to equity shareholders of the parent for basic/diluted earnings per share (Amount in Rupces)	<u> </u>	
Weighted average number of equity shares of Rs.10 each outstanding during the period used in	(317,786)	(133,665)
carculating basic and dilitted earnings per share (No of Shares in units)	000,000,1	000,000,1
Earnings per share for continuing operations -Basic (Rs. in units) Earnings per share for continuing operations -Diluted (Rs. in units)	(0.32) (0.32)	(0.13) (0.13)





Pranesh Properties Private Limited Notes to financial statements for the Year ended March 31, 2020

Action of Action (1) 10 10 10 00 000) equity shares of Rs 10 each 10,00,000 (Merch 31, 2019; 10,00,000) equity shares of Rs 10 each 10,00,000 (Merch 31, 2019; 10,00,000) equity shares of Rs 10 each 10,00,000 (Merch 31, 2019; 10,00,000) equity shares of Rs 10 each 10,00,000 (Merch 31, 2019; 10,00,000) equity shares of Rs 10 each 10,00,000 (Merch 31, 2019; 10,00,000) equity shares of Rs 10 each 10,00,000 (Merch 31, 2019; 10,00,000) equity shares of Rs 10 each 10,00,000 (Merch 31, 2019; 10,00,000) equity shares of Rs 10 each 10,00,000 (Merch 31, 2019; 10,00,000) equity shares of Rs 10 each 10,00,000 (Merch 31, 2019; 10,00,000) equity shares of Rs 10 each 10,00,000 (Merch 31, 2019; 10,00,000) equity shares of Rs 10 each 10 eac				(Am	ount in Rupe
A 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				31-Mar-2(31-Mai
According to a disable plain a plain			•		
A support of the days and safe flay paid-up shares (10 cooks) (0.0000) (oxfact) 31, 2019; (0.00000) (oxfact) sides of Rs. 10 cooks (10 cooks) (0.0000) (oxfact) sides of Rs. 10 cooks (10 cooks) (0.0000) (0.00	10,00,000 (March 31, 2019; 10,00,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each			10.000 500	
1,00,000 1,00,000	Issued subscribed and 6.12			10,000,000	10,000,0
1	10.00.000 (March 31, 2010, 10.00.000)				
1,000,000 1,00	equity shares of Rs. 10 each			10 000 000	10,000.0
A Second listation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year Second listation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year Second listation of the shares outstanding at the beginning of the year Second listation of the year is calculated on equity shares there is no every per site time. The Company the delians and pays divided in Indian rispect. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject the subject of the specimen of the shareholders in enabling Annual General Meeting. During the year, the Company has not proposed for any dividend payoble to the shareholders in enabling Annual General Meeting. During the year, the Company has not proposed for any dividend payoble to the shareholders in enabling Annual General Meeting. During the year, the Company has not proposed for any dividend payoble to the shareholders in enabling Annual General Meeting. During the year, the Company has not proposed for any dividend payoble to the shareholders in enabling Annual General Meeting. During the year, the Company has not proposed for any dividend payoble to the shareholders in enabling Annual General Meeting. During the year, the Company has not proposed for any dividend payoble to the shareholders in enabling Annual General Meeting. During the year, the Company has not proposed for any dividend payoble to the shareholders. (c) Shares held by holding/alfinate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates (d) Shares held by holding/alfinate holding company, shares held by the shaling company and their subsidiaries/associates (d) Shares held by holding/alfinate holding company, shares of RR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as CMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as CMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as CMR SEZ &					
An in the part An i	(a) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the and of the				- 41000,0
Equity shares An one of Shar	year				
Equity shares An one of Shar		21.11			
Equity shares Facility sh				31-M:	
At the paginning of the year Outstanding at the end of the year Outstanding at the end of the year (b) Team's rights attached to equity shares. (c) Outstanding at the end of the year (b) Team's rights attached to equity shares to equity shares to explore the set of equity shares to explore of ease of equity shares to evide to equity shares is entitled to one wate per share. The Corapsany declares and pays dividend in indian rupes. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in ensuing Annual General Meeting, During the year, the Company has not proposed for any dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in ensuing Annual General Meeting, During the year, the Company has not proposed for any dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in ensuing Annual General Meeting, During the year, the Company has not proposed for any dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the shareholders in ensuing Annual General Meeting, During the year, the Company has not proposed for any dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the shareholders in ensuing Annual General Meeting, During the year, the Company has not proposed for any dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the equity shares insued by the shareholders shading company and/or their subsidiaries/associates Out of the equity shares issued by the Company, shares held by its holding company all their subsidiaries/associates are as below: (c) Shares held by holding/slitinate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates Out of the equity shares issued by the Company, shares held by its holding company and their subsidiaries/associates are as below: (c) Shares held by holding/slitinate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates Out of the equity shares issued by the Company, shares held by its holding company and shares in the Company and shares held by its	Equity shares		Runase		
Sausd daring the year Coustaining that the end of the year 1,000,000 10,000			Kapeesi	Units	Kupees)
Outer fire fire fire fire fire fire fire fi	Issued during the year	1,000,000	10,000,000	1.000.000	10.000.00
(b) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares The Company has edge on class of equity shares having a par value of Rs 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares in extended to ne vote per share. The Company has not proposed of the shareholders in ensuing Annual General Meeting During the year, the Company has not proposed of may dividend populate to the shareholders. In event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares would be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders. (c) Shares held by holding/ultimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates Out of the equity shares is stored by the company, shares held by its holding company, ultimate holding company and their subsidiaries/associates are as below. (c) Shares held by holding/ultimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates Out of the equity shares is stored by the company, shares held by its holding company, ultimate holding company and their subsidiaries/associates are as below. (c) Shares held by holding/ultimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates Out of the equity shares is stored by the company, shares held by its holding company, ultimate holding company and their subsidiaries/associates are as below. (c) Shares held by holding/ultimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates Out of the equity shares in their subsidiaries/associates are as below. (d) Shares beld by holding/ultimate holding company, shares held by its holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates Out of the equity shares in their subsidiaries/associates (e) Shares held by holding/ultimate holding company, shares held by its holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates (e) Shares held by holding/ultimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates (e) Shares held by holding/ultimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates (e) Shares held by holding/ultimate holding c	Outstanding at the end of the year			1,,	10,000,00
The Company has only one class of centry shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of centry shares in exiting to one value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of centry shares in exiting the approval of the shareholders in ensuing Annual General Meeting. During the year, the Company has not proposed for any dividend payable to the shareholders. In event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares held by the shareholders. In event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares held by the shareholders. (c) Shares held by holding/attimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates Out of the equity shares is ssued by the company, shares held by its holding company and their subsidiaries/associates are as below: (a) Shares held by holding/attimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates (b) Shares held by holding/attimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates (c) Shares held by holding/attimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates (d) Shares held by holding/attimate holding company, shares held by its holding company, ultimate holding company and their subsidiaries/associates are as below: (a) Shares held by holding/attimate holding company, shares held by its holding company and their subsidiaries/associates are as below: (b) Shares held by holding/attimate holding company, shares held by its holding company, shares held by holding/attimate holding sompany, shares held by its holding company and their subsidiaries/associates are as below: (a) Shares held by holding/attimate holding company, shares held by holding shares are shares held by holding shares are shares held by holding shares are shares are shares are shares are shares are shares are shares and shares are s		000,000,1	10,000,000	1,000,000	10,000,00
The Company has only one class of centry shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of centry shares in exiting to one value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of centry shares in exiting the approval of the shareholders in ensuing Annual General Meeting. During the year, the Company has not proposed for any dividend payable to the shareholders. In event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares held by the shareholders. In event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares held by the shareholders. (c) Shares held by holding/attimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates Out of the equity shares is ssued by the company, shares held by its holding company and their subsidiaries/associates are as below: (a) Shares held by holding/attimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates (b) Shares held by holding/attimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates (c) Shares held by holding/attimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates (d) Shares held by holding/attimate holding company, shares held by its holding company, ultimate holding company and their subsidiaries/associates are as below: (a) Shares held by holding/attimate holding company, shares held by its holding company and their subsidiaries/associates are as below: (b) Shares held by holding/attimate holding company, shares held by its holding company, shares held by holding/attimate holding sompany, shares held by its holding company and their subsidiaries/associates are as below: (a) Shares held by holding/attimate holding company, shares held by holding shares are shares held by holding shares are shares held by holding shares are shares are shares are shares are shares are shares are shares and shares are s	(b) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares				
the approval of the shareholders in ensiting Annual General Meeting. During the year, the Company declares and pays dividend in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject the approval of the shareholders in ensiting Annual General Meeting. During the year, the Company is not proposed for any dividend payable to the almecholders. In event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares would be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential smounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders. (c) Shares held by holding/uttimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company, utimate holding company and their subsidiaries/associates are as below. (Amount in Rupees CARR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as CMR SEZ & Port Holding Pvt Ltd jand its nominees, the immediate holding company. (b) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company Name of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company MR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port olding pvt Ltd jand its nominees, the immediate holding company. I joung to judy the company of the company of the fully paid up MR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port olding pvt Ltd jand its nominees, the immediate holding company. I joung to judy the company of the company of the post of shareholders/members and other declaration received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above the requiry (Amount in Rupees) J-MAR-ZQ 31-Mar-ZQ 31-Mar-ZQ 31-Mar-ZQ 11-Mar-ZQ	The Company has only one class of agrity above to				
In event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares would be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the alareholders. (c) Shares held by holding/uttimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company, uttimate holding company and their subsidiaries/associates are as below: (C) Shares held by holding/uttimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company, uttimate holding company and their subsidiaries/associates are as below: (C) Shares held by holding/uttimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates (C) Shares held by holding/uttimate holding company, shares held by its holding company. (C) Out of the equity shares issued by the company shares held by its holding company. (C) Out of the equity shares issued by the company shares held by its holding company. (C) Out of the equity shares is subsidiaries/associates (C) Shares held by holding/uttimate holding company, shares held by its holding company. (C) Out of the equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up (C) Out of Shares in the Company (C) Out of Shares in the Company (D) Out of Sh		II. per er e			
In event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares would be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the alareholders. (c) Shares held by holding/uttimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company, uttimate holding company and their subsidiaries/associates are as below: (C) Shares held by holding/uttimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company, uttimate holding company and their subsidiaries/associates are as below: (C) Shares held by holding/uttimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates (C) Shares held by holding/uttimate holding company, shares held by its holding company. (C) Out of the equity shares issued by the company shares held by its holding company. (C) Out of the equity shares issued by the company shares held by its holding company. (C) Out of the equity shares is subsidiaries/associates (C) Shares held by holding/uttimate holding company, shares held by its holding company. (C) Out of the equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up (C) Out of Shares in the Company (C) Out of Shares in the Company (D) Out of Sh	the approval of the shareholders in ensuing Annual General Meeting. During the year, the Company has not n	ran nipees. The divide	nd proposed by	the Board of Direct	ors is subject
(c) Shares held by holding/ultimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates Out of the equity shares issued by the company, shares held by its holding company, ultimate holding company and their subsidiaries/associates are as below: Amount in Rupces		- obeater to any mixing	uu bayabie to ti	le shareholdere	
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Sample S	Name of shareholder Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up EMR SEZ & Port Holding Limited (Formely known as GMR SEZ & Port folding Pvt Ltd)and its nominees, the immediate holding company. The contract of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declaration recarreholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.	No of Shares in Units	% holding	No of Shares in Units	% holding
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9 Trade payables

			(Amount i	
	34.37	Non-current		Current
Trade payables	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-1
- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises				
- Total outstanding days of intero enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	_
 Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises- Related parties 				-
Total "A"				
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and				-
small enterprises - Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and			28320	_
small enterprises-Related parties				_
T . MPA	-	-	244,540	-
Total "B"			272,860,00	
Other financial liabilities			-12,000,00	
				unt in Rupees)
	31-Mar-20	Non-current		Current
	51-War-20	31-Mar-19	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings Non-trade payables (Group Companies)	_	_	_	
Non-trade payables Non-trade payables	_	_		70,502
			<u> </u>	30820
		-		101,322
1 Other liabilities	·		(Amo	unt in Rupees)
		on-current		Current
	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
TDS Payable	_		22.647	
			22,643	6,528
Short-term Borrowings			22,043	6,528
			(Amo:	int in Rupees)
			31-Mar-20	3(-Mar-19
Unsecured			<u> </u>	
61 (2019: 61) 0% Optionally Convertible Debentures of Rs. 1,000,000 each.				
26 (2019: 26) 0% Optionally Convertible Debentures of Rs 100 000, and				61,000,000
Loan from Holding company (unsecured)			-	2,600,000
			63,600,000	
The characteristics		_	63,600,000	63,600,000
The above amount includes Secured Borrowings			63,500,000	63,600,000
Unsecured Borrowings			_	_
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			63,600,000	63,600,000
			63,600,000	63,600,000

The Company had issued 61 numbers of Unsecured 0% Optionally Convertible Debentures (OCD) of Rs.1,000,000 each aggregating to Rs. 61,000,000 and 26 numbers of Unsecured 0% Optionally Convertible Debentures (OCD) of Rs.100,000 each aggregating to Rs. 26,00,000 to GMR SEZ & Port Holdings Limited up to the year ended March 31, 2019.

During the year 2019-20, company has redeemed all Optionally Convertible Debentures outstanding as on 31.03.2020 and the redemption amount payable has been converted into Unsecured short term interest free (0%) loan for 12 months with consent of the debenture holder. The company has the option to repay the loan on or before expiry of loan tenor either in instalment or as a bullet payment.

During the current financial year 2019-20, the company has taken inter corporate loan of Rs. 63,600,000 at an interest rate 0% for a period of 12 months from GMR SEZ & Portholding Ltd. As at 31st March 2020, the company has total Loan of Rs 63,600,000.





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3 SINA Sfort IC Dode, Catabany name Si No Short IC Code Compairy hanse Right of Use (Lease Assets)

Share Capital/ Other Equity (Said/ Equity Compagnent of Loan/ Debenjute/ Preference share)

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High Point IV The Bangalore-1.

Mosur 23.05.2020

Company Secretary



Related Party Transaction Details For the year ended March 31, 2020 Transaction for the period Pranesh Properties Private Limited Company Code E5524

All the transaction during th period (loan taken/ loan given/ security deposit given/ security deposit taken/ SAM refunded/ SAM taken)

SINo	Short	2016-26-22-12-S			In Rs.
100000000000000000000000000000000000000			Company name	Transaction Description	Amount
-	03: IIL	I_E6121	GMR SEZ & Port Holdings Limited	Loan taken	63,600,000
	GSPHL	I_E6121	GMR SEZ & Port Holdings Limited	Debenture redeemed	63,600,000
3	GSPHL	I_E6121	GMR SEZ & Port Holdings Limited	Loan Refunded	100,000
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2	.				
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For Girish Murthy & Kumar

Chartered Accountants
Firm registration number 20009345

Place: Date:

Hosur 23.05.2020 4502, High Point IV 45, Palace Road, Bangalore-1.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Pranesh Properties Private Limited

Arivu Chelvan R Director



Pranesh Properties Private Limited Notes to financial statements for the Year ended March 31, 2020

Corporate Information

Pranesh Properties Private Limited (CIN: U70102TZ2011PTC021849) domiciled in India and incorporated on 25th March, 2011. The company is in the business of dealing in real estate, property development, estate agency to acquire by purchase, exchange, net or otherwise deal in lands, buildings or any estate or interest therein and any rights over or connected with lands so situated and laying out, developing land for industrial purpose, building and preparing sites by planting, paving, drawing and by constructing offices, flats, service flats, hotels, warehouses, shopping and commercial complexes, by leasing, letting or renting, selling(by instalments, ownership, hire purchase basis or otherwise or disposing of the same). The company's Holding company is GMR SEZ and Port Holding Limited and ultimate holding company is GMR Infrastructure Limited/GMR Enterprises Private Limited.

The registered office of the company is located in Hosur in Tamilnadu, India.

Information on other related party relationships of the Company is provided in Note 18

The financial statements were approved for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 23rd May 2020

Significant accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS), under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') (to the extent notified). The Ind AS are prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant amendment rules issued thereafter.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR).

B Summary of significant accounting policies

a) Current versus Non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- ii) Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- iii) Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- iv) Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current. A liability is current when it is:

- i) It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- ii)It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- ii)It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- iii)It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or

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iv)There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other liabilities are classified as non-ourrent. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-ourrent assets and liabilities. The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

b Property, Plant and Equipments

Recognition:

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment shall be recognised as an asset if, and only if:

(a) it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity; and

(b) the cost of the item can be measured reliably

Fixed Assets are stated at acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation and cumulative impairment. Such cost includes the expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the plant and equipment and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset are derecognised when replaced. Further, when each major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the item of property, plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit and loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

c) Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment

Depreciation on the Property plant and equipment is calculated on a straight-line basis using the rates arrived at, based on useful lives estimated by the management, which coincides

with the lives prescribed under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 except for assets individually costing less than Rs. 5,000 which are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition.

The management believes that these estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used. The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Depreciation charges for impaired assets is adjusted in future periods in such a manner that revised carrying amount of the asset is allocated over its remaining useful life.

Investment properties

Since there is no change in the functional currency, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its investment property as recognised in its Indian GAAP financial statements as deemed cost at the transition date, viz., 1st April 2015.



Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial-recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

The cost includes the cost of replacing parts and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. When significant parts of the investment property are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful fives. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or

Depreciation is recognised using straight line method so as to write off the cost of investment property less their residual values over their useful lives specified in schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, or in the case of assets where useful life was determined by technical evaluation, over the life so determined. Depreciation method is reviewed at each financial year end to reflect the expected pattern of consumption of the future benefits embodied in the investment property. Freehold land and properties under construction are not depreciated.

Though the Company measures investment property using cost based measurement, the fair value of investment property is disclosed in the notes. Fair values are determined based on an

annual evaluation performed by an accredited external independent valuer applying a valuation model recommended by the International Valuation Standards Committee.

Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed of or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal.

The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in profit or loss in the period of derecognition.

c) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

Intangible assets include software and their useful lives are assessed as either finite or indefinite.

f) Amortisation of intangible assets

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure forms part of

Intangible assets like the Software licence are amortised over the useful life of 6 years as estimated by the management.

g) Borrowing cos

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

h) Impairment of non-financial assets

As at the end of each accounting year, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its PPE, investment properties, intangible assets and investments in associates and joint ventures determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If such indication exists, the said assets are tested for impairment so as to determine the impairment loss, if any. Goodwill and the intangible assets with indefinite life are tested for impairment each year.

Impairment loss is recognised when the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is determined:

- (i) in case of an individual asset, at the higher of the net selling price and the value in use; and
- (ii) in case of a cash generating unit (a group of assets that generates identified, independent cash flows), at the higher of the cash generating unit's net selling price and the value in use.

(The amount of value in use is determined as the present value of estimated future cash flows from the continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life. For the asset).

For this purpose, a cash generating unit is ascertained as the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

If recoverable amount of an asset (or cash generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, such deficit is recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of Profit and Loss as impairment loss and the carrying amount of the asset (or cash generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. For this purpose, the impairment loss recognised in other assets of the cash generating unit is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to such cash generating unit and then to reduce the carrying amount of the

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss is recognised for the asset (or cash generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

i) Provisions, Contingent liabilities, Contingent assets, and Commitments

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost."





A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Group or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

Commitments include the amount of purchase order (net of advances) issued to parties for completion of assets

Provisions, contingent liabilities, contingent assets and commitments are reviewed at each balance sheet date

j) Financial Intruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contract embodying the related financial instruments. All financial assets, financial liabilities and financial guarantee contracts are initially measured at transaction cost and where such values are different from the fair value, at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are immediately recognised in the statement of profit and loss. In case of interest free or concession loans/debentures/preference shares given to associates and joint ventures, the excess of the actual amount of the loan over initial measure at fair value is accounted as an equity

Investment in equity instruments issued by associates and joint ventures are measured at cost less impairment.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial instrument and of allocating interest income or expense over the relevant period. The effective

interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial instrument, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

a) Financial Assets

Financial Assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to eash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount

Financial Assets measured at fair value

"Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows or to sell these financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of

ancial asset not measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income is carried at fair value through the statement of profit and loss.

Impairment of financial assets

"Loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised for financial assets measured at amortised cost and fair value through profit or loss.

For financial assets whose credit risk has not significantly increased since initial recognition, loss allowance equal to twelve months expected credit losses is recognised. Loss allowance equal to the lifetime expected credit losses is recognised if the credit risk on the financial instruments has significantly increased since initial recognition."

De-recognition of financial assets

The Company de-recognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies

If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognises its retained interest in the assets and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay.

If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On de-recognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount measured at the date of de-recognition and the consideration received is recognised in statement of profit or loss.

For trade and other receivables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

b) Financial liabilities and equity intruments

Classification as debt or equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial

Equity Instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments are recorded at the proceeds

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, not of transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method where the time value of money is significant. Interest bearing bank loans, overdrafts and issued debt are initially measured at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the settlement or redemption of borrowings is recognised over the term of the borrowings in the statement of profit and loss.

For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

a. Financial Guarantee Contracts





Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee.

A financial fiability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Off-setting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

k) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and eash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either;

i) In the principal market for the asset or liability, or

ii) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in

"A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs"

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period."

The Company determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement, such as derivative instruments and unquoted financial assets measured at fair value, and for non-recurring measurement, such as assets held for distribution in discontinued operations. The Valuation Committee comprises of the head of the investment properties segment, heads of the Company's internal mergers and acquisitions team, the head of the risk management department, financial controllers and chief finance officer.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as properties and unquoted financial assets, and significant liabilities, such as contingent consideration. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. Valuers are normally rotated every three years.

At each reporting date, the Company analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be remeasured or re-assessed as per the Company's accounting policies. For this analysis, the Company verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant

The Company, in conjunction with the Company's external valuers, also compares the change in the fair value of each asset and liability with relevant external sources to determine

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

This note summarises accounting policy for fair value.

m) Revenue recognition Under Ind AS 115 for companies where there is no contract with customer.

The Company applied Ind AS 115 for the first time from April 1, 2018. Ind AS 115 supersedes Ind AS 11 Construction Contracts and Ind AS 18 Revenue. Revenue is recognized on transfer of control of goods and services to the customer at the amount to which the company expects to be entitled. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government. In current financial year, Company does not have any revenue arising from contract with customers and thus there is no impact on the financial statements of the company on account





Interest Income

"For all debt instruments measured either at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by income is included in finance income in the statement of profit and loss.

Other interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable."

Dividends

"Revenue is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend."

n) Taxes

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax.

Current Income Tax

"Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate."

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying values of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of the taxable profit and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability model. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all temporary differences. In contrast, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised:

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxable entity.

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternative Tax ('MAT') paid in accordance with the tax law in India, which is likely to give future economic benefits in form of availability of set economic benefit associated with the assets will be realised.

o) Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") expenditure

The Company charges its CSR expenditure, if any, during the year to the statement of profit and loss





Pranesh Properties Private Limited Notes to financial statements for the Year ended March 31, 2020

18 Related Party Disclosure

a List of related parties

Enterprises that control the Company
GMR SEZ & Port Holdings Limited (GSPHPL) (Holding Company)
GMR Infrastructure Limited (GIL)
GMR Enterprises Private Limited (GEPL)

GMR Infrastructure Limited (GEPL)

GMR Emerprises Private Limited (GEPL)

Fellow Subsidiary Companies

Advika Properties Private Limited (Advika)

Aklima Properties Private Limited (Aklima)

Anuarya Properties Private Limited (Aklima)

Asteria Real Estates Private Limited (Asteria)

Baruni Properties Private Limited (Asteria)

Baruni Properties Private Limited (BPPL)

Canolia Properties Private Limited (DPPL)

Eila Properties Private Limited (DPPL)

Eila Properties Private Limited (DPPL)

Eila Properties Private Limited (EPPL)

Gerbera Properties Private Limited (LPPL)

Larkspur Properties Private Limited (LPPL)

Lantama Properties Private Limited (LPPL)

Lantama Properties Private Limited (LPPL)

Honeysuckle properties Private Limited (KPPL)

Krishnapriya Properties Private Limited (KPPL)

Nadira Properties Private Limited (KPPL)

Padmapriya Properties Private Limited (PPPL)

Lakshmipriya Properties Private Limited (PPPL)

Lakshmipriya Properties Private Limited (PPPL)

Radhapriva Properties Private Limited (PPPL)

GMR Achapriva Properties Private Limited (PPPL)

Commandar Properties Private Limited (PPPL)

Prakalpa Properties Private Limited (PPPL)

Prakalpa Properties Private Limited (PPPL)

Liliam properties Private Limited (PPPL)

Liliam properties Private Limited (PPPL)

Liliam properties Private Limited (PPPL)

Namitha Real Estates Private Limited (NREPL)

Liliam properties Private Limited (RPPL)

Liliam propert

Key Management Personnel Mr. Pandiyan M Mr. Anvu Chelvan

Particulars	31-Mar-20	
Issue / (Redemption) of 0% (2017 : 12.25% Cumulative Optional Convertible Debentures) Compulsory Convertible	51-Mar-20	31-Mar-1
Debentures Debentures Convertible		
- Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL		
Interest on Debenture/Loan :-	(63,600,000)	(1.400,000
- Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL		
Loan given to/(Refunded):		
- Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL		
Loan taken from :	(100,000)	100,000
- Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL		
Other expenses to :-	63,600,000	
- Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL		
Reimbursement of expenses to :-	267,183	77,030
-Fellow subsidiary - RPPPL		
Outstanding Balances at the year-end:		
Equity Share Capital	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
- Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL		
ero percent (12.25% Optionally convertible Debentures) Compulsory Convertible Debentures	10,000,000	10,000,000
Enterprises that Control the Company – GSPHP		
ssue of 0% Optional Convertible Debentures		
Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL		
oan given to :		63,600,000
- Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL	- <u></u>	
oan taken from :		000,001
- Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL		_
reditors / payable to:	63,600,000	
- Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPIPL		
Merest on Debenture (receivable) from:-	244.540	70,502
- Enterprises that Control the Company - GSPHPL		





Pranesh Properties Private Limited Notes to financial statements for the Year ended March 31, 2020

19 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables, and cash and cash equivalents that derive directly from its operations.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. Company's senior management ensures that the Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives. All derivative activities for risk management purposes are carried out by specialist teams that have the appropriate skills, experience and supervision. It is the Company's policy that no trading in summarised below.

A. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits, and derivative financial instruments.

The sensitivity analyses in the following sections relate to the position as at 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2019.

The analyses exclude the impact of movements in market variables on: the carrying values of gratuity and other post-retirement obligations, provisions.

The following assumptions have been made in calculating the sensitivity analyses:

► The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held at 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2019.

B. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company does not have fluctuating interest rate borrowings, thus company does not have any interest rate risk.

C. Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company does not have exposure to foreign currency payable or receivable balances and hence it does not have any foreign currency risk.

D. Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash held with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposure to clients, including outstanding accounts receivable. The maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying value of the financial assets. The objective of managing counterparty credit risk is to experience and other factors.

E. Liquidity risk

The Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank deposits and loans.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments (including interest

On demand	Within 1 year	1 to 5 years	> 5 years	Total
		and the second s		
63 600 000				
05,000,000			***************************************	63,600,000
			***************************************	-
63 600 000			***************************************	_
02,000,000	<u> </u>		_	63,600,000
63 600 000				
03,000,000				63,600,000
101 222				-
63,701,322		American Manager Community Community		101,322
	63,600,000 63,600,000 63,600,000 101,322	63,600,000 - 63,600,000 - 63,600,000	63,600,000 - 63,600,000 - 63,600,000	63,600,000 - 63,600,000 - 63,600,000





Where there is movement/ balance in financial activities in cash flow

Amendment to Ind AS 7

Effective April 1, 2017, the company adopted the amendment to Ind AS 7, which requires entities to provide disclosures that enable users of financial

Particulars	04/01/2019	Cash Flow		Non Cash Changes			03/31/2020
				Fair Value Changes	Others		
ong Term Borrowings							ļ
nort Term Borrowing	63,600,000			<u> </u>			63,600,0

During this FY2081-19 the company has changed the term of 0% Compulsory convertible Debentures (CCD) into 0% Optionally Convertible Debentures (OCD)





21 Capital Management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maintain strong credit rating and heathy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Company includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings, trade and other payables, less cash and cash equivalents.

		(Ame	ount in Rupees)
		31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
Borrowings Trade payables (Note9) Other payables (Note10)		63,600,000 272,860	63,600,000 -
Less: Cash and cash equivalents (Note6)		(19,023)	(49,156)
Net debt	(i)	63,853,837	63,550,844
Share Capital Other Equity		10,000,000 -1,931,433	10,000,000 -1,613,647
Total capital	(ii)	8,068,567	8,386,353
Capital and net debt	(iii= i+ii)	71,922,404	71,937,197
Gearing ratio (%)	(i/iii)	88.78%	88.34%

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current period.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the period.

22 Segment reporting

The Chief Operating Decision Maker reviews the operations of the Company primarily as a business of procurement of land, which is considered to be the only reportable segment by the management. Hence, there are no additional disclosures to be provided under IND AS 108 'Operating Segments'.

Capital commitments

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account not provided for, net of advances Rs.NIL (Mar'19 - Rs.NIL).

24 Pending litigations

The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.

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High Point IV 45. Palace Road Bangalore-1.

The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses

There are no micro and small enterprises to which the company owes dues which are outstanding for more than 45 days as at March 31, 2020. This information, as required to be disclosed under the Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act 2006, has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the company.

As per our report of even date

For Girish Murthy & Kuprar

Chartered Accountants Firm registration nur

B. Ginsh B Partner

Membership No:85745

Place: Hosur

Date: 23rd May' 2020

For and on behalf of the board of directors Pranesh Properties Private Limited

Arivu Chelvan R Director

DIN: 03391559

Pandiyan M Director

DIN: 08642405

